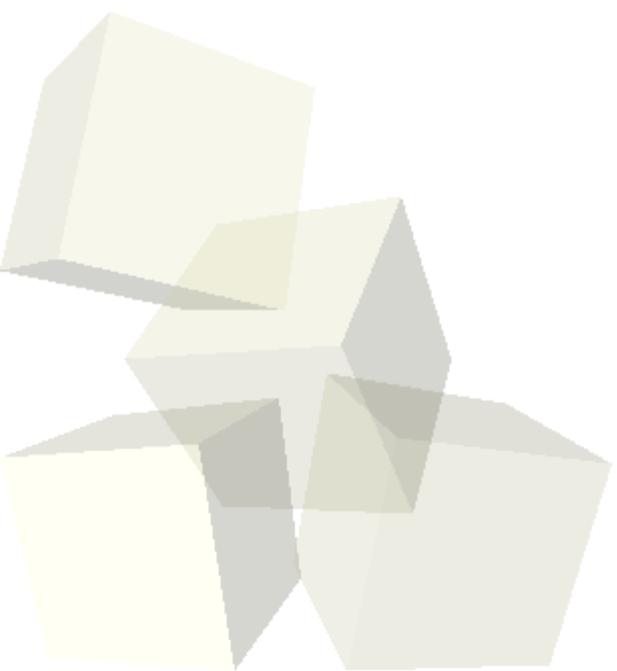




# ElementFlow

Whitemice Consulting





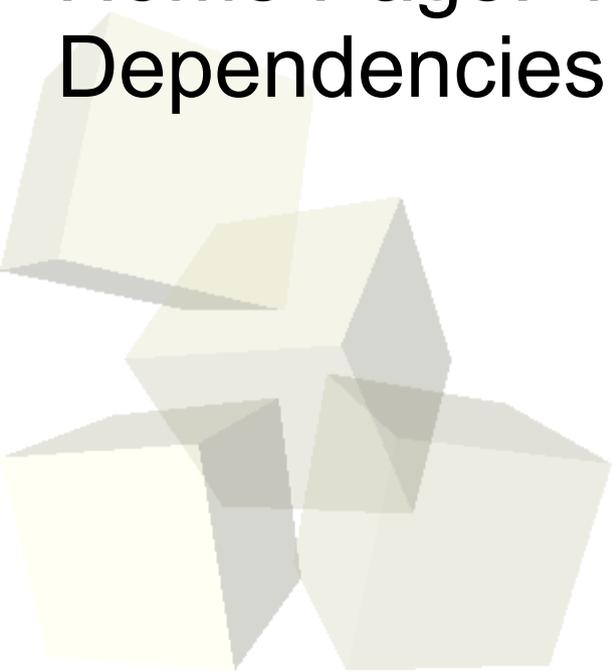
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License: BSD variant

Source: <http://github.com/ryanmcgrath/twython>

Home Page: <<https://launchpad.net/elementflow>>

Dependencies: textwrap, codecs



Elementflow is a Python library for generating XML as a stream. Some existing XML producing libraries (like ElementTree, lxml) build a whole XML tree in memory and then serialize it. It might be inefficient for moderately large XML payloads (think of a content-oriented Web service producing lots of XML data output). Python's built-in `xml.sax.saxutils.XMLGenerator` is very low-level and requires closing elements by hand.

Also, most XML libraries, to be honest, suck when dealing with namespaces.

<http://pypi.python.org/pypi/elementflow>



```
file = open('text.xml', 'w') # can be any object with .write() method
```

```
with elementflow.xml(file, u'root') as xml:
```

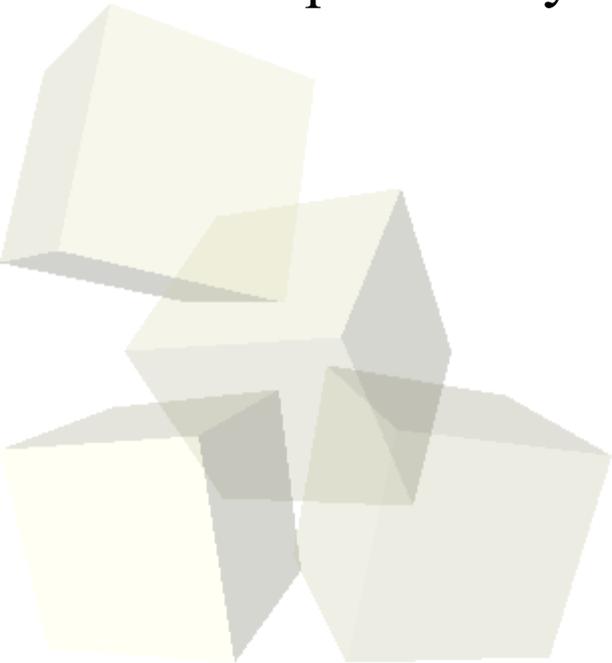
```
    xml.element(u'item', attrs={u'key': u'value'}, text=u'text')
```

```
    with xml.container(u'container', attrs={u'key': u'value'}):
```

```
        xml.text(u'text')
```

```
        xml.element(u'subelement', text=u'subelement text')
```

- Raises an exception if an undefined namespace prefix is used.
- Namespaces may be defined for any container.

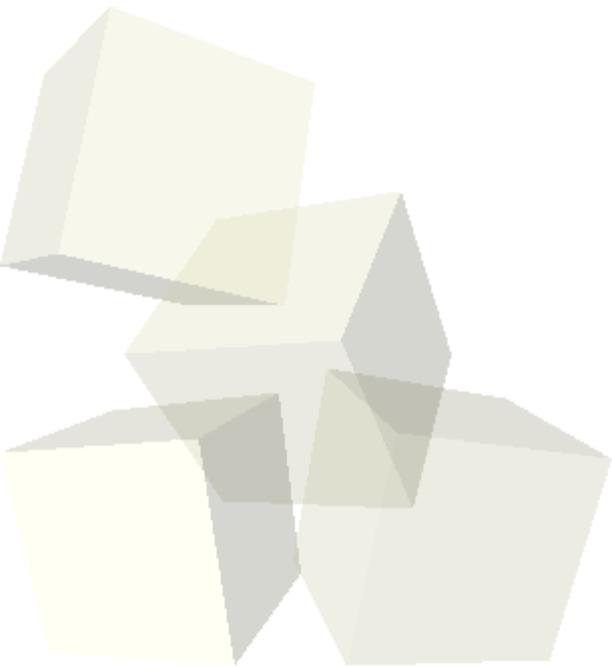




# Namespaces

```
with elementflow.xml(file, 'root', namespaces={"": 'urn:n', 'n1': 'urn:n1'}) as xml:  
    xml.element('item')  
with xml.container('container', namespaces={'n2': 'urn:n2']):  
    xml.element('n1:subelement', text='YoYo Mama')  
    xml.element('n2:subelement')
```

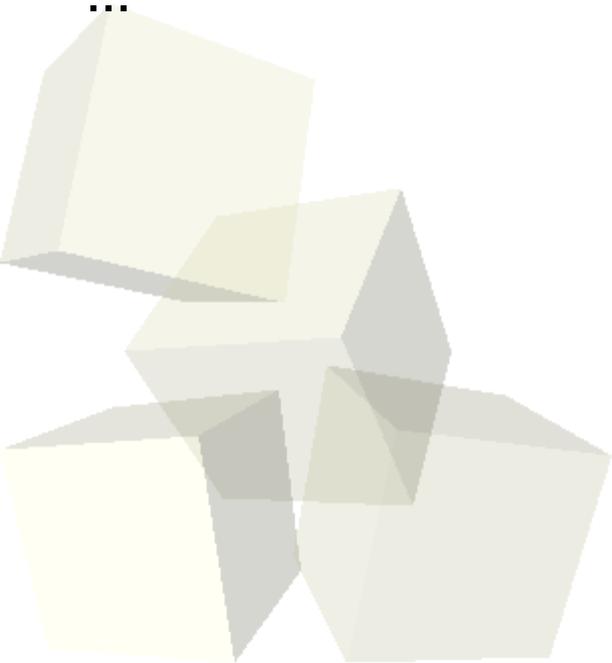
- Raises an exception if an undefined namespace prefix is used.
- Namespaces may be defined for any container.





with elementflow.xml(file, 'root', indent=True):

...

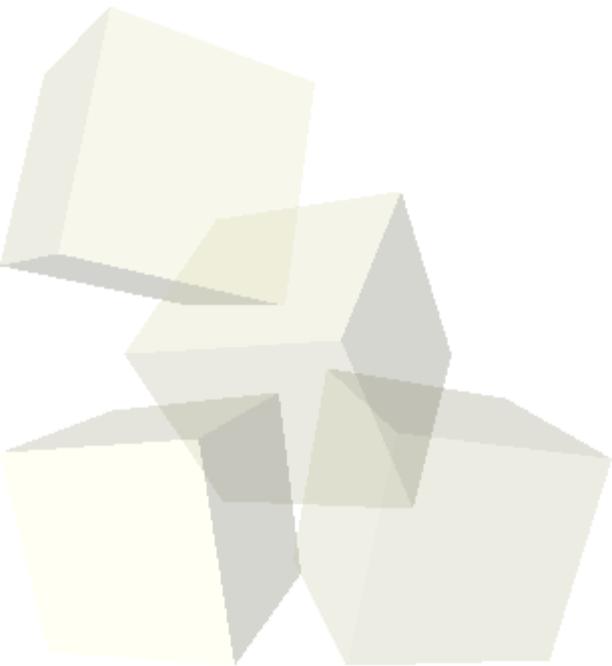


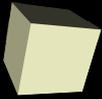


# As a generator

```
def g():  
    xml = elementflow.xml(elementflow.Queue(), 'root')  
    with xml:  
        for item in collection:  
            xml.element(...)  
            if len(xml.file) > BUFSIZE:  
                yield xml.file.pop() #Yield only when the buffer exceeds a given size  
    yield xml.file.pop()
```

- `elementflow.Queue` is a buffer that is cleared by calling `pop()`





# Write to the stream

```
with elementflow.xml(stream, u'D:multistatus', indent=True,
                    namespaces=ns) as response:
    for resource in resources:
        with response.container('D:response'):
            response.file.write(u'<D:href>{0}</D:href>'.format(resource.webdav_url))
            ...
```

- Of course you looks auto-indenting, tag closure, and namespace verification.

